

Crime and Policing Bill

REVISED FOURTEENTH MARSHALLED
LIST OF AMENDMENTS
TO BE MOVED
IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

The amendments have been marshalled in accordance with the Instruction of 16th October 2025, as follows –

Clauses 1 and 2	Clauses 97 to 117
Schedule 1	Schedule 11
Clauses 3 to 5	Clauses 118 to 122
Schedule 2	Schedule 12
Clause 6	Clauses 123 to 127
Schedule 3	Schedule 13
Clauses 7 to 18	Clauses 128 to 136
Schedule 4	Schedule 14
Clauses 19 to 55	Clauses 137 to 139
Schedule 5	Schedule 15
Clause 56	Clauses 140 to 145
Schedule 6	Schedules 16 to 18
Clauses 57 to 65	Clauses 146 to 164
Schedule 7	Schedule 19
Clauses 66 to 72	Clauses 165 to 186
Schedule 8	Schedule 20
Clauses 73 to 84	Clause 187
Schedule 9	Schedule 21
Clauses 85 to 96	Clauses 188 to 203
Schedule 10	Title

[Amendments marked ★ are new or have been altered]

**Amendment
No.**

Clause 191

BARONESS MEYER

455

Clause 191, page 223, line 11, leave out “and the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929”

LORD VERDIRAME
 BARONESS WOLF OF DULWICH
 VISCOUNT HAILSHAM
 BARONESS FALKNER OF MARGRAVINE

456 Clause 191, page 223, line 12, leave out from “1929,” to end of line 13 and insert “proceedings for an offence shall not be instituted against a woman acting in relation to her own pregnancy except by or with the consent of the Attorney General”

Member's explanatory statement

The clause adds the requirement of AG consent for the institution of the criminal proceedings in clause 191 against a woman acting in relation to her own pregnancy.

VISCOUNT HAILSHAM

456A [Withdrawn]

BARONESS LAWLOR

456B Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert “, provided that the gestational age of the baby is no more than 24 weeks.”

Member's explanatory statement

After 24 weeks, the present law allows for abortions only under certain strict conditions. This amendment aims to ensure that women follow these conditions.

VISCOUNT HAILSHAM
 BARONESS BUTLER-SLOSS

This amendment is intended to replace Amendment 456A

456C Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert “provided that the Defence has proved, on the balance of probabilities, that at the time of her actions –

- (a) the balance of the woman’s mind was then seriously disturbed by reason of her pregnancy, or
- (b) the woman was the victim of domestic abuse within the meaning of section 1 of the Domestic Abuse Act 2021 and such abuse was a substantial cause of her actions.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would provide a defence to a charge of what would otherwise be an unlawful late term abortion, namely that at the time of her action, the woman’s balance of mind was seriously disturbed by her pregnancy, or she was the victim of domestic abuse and such abuse was a substantial cause of her action.

**LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH
BARONESS SPIELMAN**

457 Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) The Secretary of State must, no later than 12 months after the day on which this section comes into force, and at least once every 12 months thereafter, conduct a review of its operation and impact.
- “(3) The review under subsection (2) must, in particular, consider—
 - (a) the incidence of medical complications for women acting in relation to their own pregnancy under the terms of this section, including incidence of maternal death;
 - (b) the impact on the health and safety of women undergoing abortions;
 - (c) the prevalence of self-induced abortions outside a clinical setting beyond 24 weeks’ gestation;
 - (d) any reported cases of coercion or abuse related to abortions;
 - (e) the application of criminal law to third parties involved in abortions;
 - (f) any other topics the Secretary of State may consider appropriate.
- “(4) Following the completion of a review under subsection (2), the Secretary of State must lay a report of the findings before Parliament.
- “(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations repeal this section if he or she considers that a report under subsection (4) reveals it is having a detrimental effect.”

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

458 Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) The Secretary of State must, no later than 12 months after the day on which this section comes into force and annually thereafter, publish a report detailing complications that have occurred as a result of abortions procured contrary to the Abortion Act 1967 in the previous year.
- “(3) The reports under subsection (2) must provide details of the number of—
 - (a) babies born alive following an attempted abortion and any medical conditions they suffer from, and
 - (b) women suffering medical complications following abortions or attempted abortions, including incidences of maternal death.”

BARONESS EATON

459 Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) Nothing in this section shall be taken to apply to a termination undertaken because of dissatisfaction with the sex of a child who was capable of being born alive.”

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

459A Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the gestational age of the pregnancy exceeds 39 weeks.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), the gestational age of a pregnancy is to be calculated from the first day of the woman’s last menstrual period.”

BARONESS MACLEAN OF REDDITCH

459B Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) This section ceases to have effect unless renewed under the provisions of subsection (3) and (4).
- (3) Within three months of the first, second and third anniversaries of the day on which this section comes into force, the Secretary of State must by regulations make provision for the renewal of this section.
- (4) If the regulations are not approved within three months of the relevant anniversary, this section ceases to have effect.
- (5) If this section is renewed after the third anniversary, it may continue in effect without further renewal.”

BARONESS BARKER
BARONESS RAFFERTY
BARONESS HAZARIKA
BARONESS WATKINS OF TAVISTOCK

459C Clause 191, page 223, line 13, at end insert—

- “(2) No investigation may be carried out, and no criminal proceedings may be brought or continued, as a result of an alleged offence committed before the day on which this Act is passed by a woman in relation to her own pregnancy under the Offences Against the Person Act 1861 or the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would expand the provisions of clause 191 to women whose alleged offences were committed prior to the change in law, ensuring that ongoing investigations and prosecutions against women under abortion law cease. This is identical to the change passed by the House in relation to the Northern Ireland (Executive Formation etc) Act 2019.

BARONESS MONCKTON OF DALLINGTON FOREST
BARONESS O'LOAN
BARONESS HOEY
BARONESS MACLEAN OF REDDITCH

The above-named Lords give notice of their intention to oppose the Question that Clause 191 stand part of the Bill.

After Clause 191

BARONESS STROUD
LORD FROST
BARONESS RITCHIE OF DOWNPATRICK
BARONESS FOSTER OF AGHADRUMSEE

460 After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Abortion: requirement for in-person consultation

In section 1(3D) of the Abortion Act 1967 (medical termination of pregnancy), omit “, by telephone or by electronic means.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would mean that a pregnant woman would need to have an in-person consultation before lawfully being prescribed medicine for the termination of a pregnancy.

BARONESS O'LOAN

461 After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Criminal liability for complicity in another's unlawful termination of pregnancy

- (1) A person (“D”) commits an offence if –
 - (a) D does an act capable of encouraging or assisting the termination of pregnancy of a pregnant woman,
 - (b) D's act was intended to encourage or assist termination of a pregnancy or an attempt to do so, and
 - (c) the termination of pregnancy is unlawful under the terms of the Abortion Act 1967.
- (2) The person referred to in subsection (1) need not be a specific person (or class of persons) known to, or identified by, D.
- (3) D may commit an offence under this section whether or not a termination of pregnancy occurs.
- (4) An offence under this section is triable on indictment and a person convicted of such an offence is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 14 years.
- (5) The Secretary of State must issue guidance relating to the operation of this section.

(6) Before issuing guidance under subsection (6), the Secretary of State must consult such persons or organisations as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.”

BARONESS COFFEY

461A After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause—

“Abortion Act 1967: amendment

In section 1(3B) of the Abortion Act 1967 (medical termination of pregnancy), omit “formed in good faith” and insert “beyond reasonable doubt”.”

LORD BAILEY OF PADDINGTON

461B After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause—

“Mandatory investigation of abortions performed on females under the age of 16

- (1) Where a termination of pregnancy is performed or facilitated in respect of a female under the age of 16, the relevant authority must initiate a mandatory investigation to determine—
 - (a) whether the pregnancy resulted from criminal conduct, including but not limited to sexual offences under the Sexual Offences Act 2003,
 - (b) whether the female was subject to coercion, exploitation, or abuse,
 - (c) whether any person involved in the pregnancy or termination may be liable for prosecution under applicable criminal law.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), “relevant authority” means—
 - (a) the police force for the area in which the termination was performed,
 - (b) any safeguarding board or child protection agency with jurisdiction over the female concerned, or
 - (c) any other body designated by the Secretary of State.
- (3) The investigation must be initiated within seven days of notification of the termination and must be conducted in accordance with safeguarding protocols and the welfare interests of the female concerned.
- (4) Nothing in this section prevents the provision of medical care or termination services in accordance with existing legal and medical standards.
- (5) Any registered medical practitioner or healthcare provider who performs or facilitates a termination of pregnancy in respect of a female under the age of 16 must, within 48 hours, notify the relevant authority as defined in subsection (2).
- (6) Failure by a relevant authority to initiate an investigation under subsection (1), or failure by a medical professional to report under subsection (5), may constitute misconduct and must be subject to disciplinary proceedings or other sanctions as prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.

- (7) All investigations conducted under this section must ensure the confidentiality, dignity, and welfare of the female concerned, and must be carried out in a trauma-informed manner.”

Member's explanatory statement

Under UK law, abortion is regulated by the Abortion Act 1967, which outlines the conditions under which a pregnancy may be legally terminated. While abortion is legal under specific criteria, the involvement of minors – particularly those under 16 – raises additional legal and safeguarding concerns.

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

461C After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Report: abortion statistics

- (1) The Secretary of State must, within one year of the day on which this Act is passed and annually thereafter, publish a report setting out data collected from disclosures under section 2 (notification) of the Abortion Act 1967 relating to abortions carried out under the Abortion Act 1967 in the preceding year.
- (2) The report under subsection (1) must include data relating to –
 - (a) the sex of the foetus, where this can be determined,
 - (b) the ethnicity of the mother, and
 - (c) medical complications arising from abortions.
- (3) The Secretary of State must lay the report under subsection (1) before Parliament.”

BARONESS WOLF OF DULWICH
BARONESS FALKNER OF MARGRAVINE
BARONESS SPIELMAN

461D After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Offence of receiving abortifacients by post

- (1) A person commits an offence if they knowingly receive an abortifacient drug by post, other than when lawfully prescribed it by a medical professional under section 1 of the Abortion Act 1967 (medical termination of pregnancy).
- (2) A person guilty of the offence is liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine or both, or on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum or both.”

LORD FALCONER OF THOROTON

461E After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Providing assistance under assisted dying legislation in Crown Dependencies: criminal liability”

In the Suicide Act 1961, after section 2A (acts capable of encouraging or assisting suicide) insert –

“2AA Assistance provided in Crown Dependencies”

- (1) In sections 2(1) and 2A(1), a reference to an act that is capable of encouraging or assisting suicide or attempted suicide does not include –
 - (a) participating in acts that facilitate the provision of a medically assisted death in Scotland or the Crown Dependencies (the “jurisdictions”) under or in connection with legislation in those jurisdictions (“relevant legislation”),
 - (b) performing any other function under that relevant legislation in accordance with that relevant legislation, or
 - (c) assisting a person seeking to end their own life in accordance with that relevant legislation to access that relevant legislation.
- (2) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under section 2 to prove that they –
 - (a) reasonably believed they were acting in accordance with relevant legislation in those jurisdictions, and
 - (b) took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of the offence.””

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

461F After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Guidance on investigation of offences relating to abortion and infanticide”

- (1) The Secretary of State must, within 12 months of the commencement of section 191, publish guidance on –
 - (a) the investigation and prosecution of offences under –
 - (i) section 1 of the Infanticide Act 1938, and
 - (ii) any other relevant homicide or infanticide offences, and
 - (b) the handling of cases involving late-gestation terminations, suspected infanticide, or concealment of birth.
- (2) The guidance must have particular regard to –
 - (a) the need to protect children who are capable of being born alive, and
 - (b) the preservation of evidence in potential homicide and infanticide investigations.

(3) Before issuing guidance under this section, the Secretary of State must consult with such persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is intended to clarify and ensure that serious crimes - such as child destruction, infanticide and homicide - must remain investigable, and to provide for clear, public guidance on the same.

BARONESS MACLEAN OF REDDITCH

461G After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Annual report of persons prosecuted for receiving abortifacients by post

(1) The Secretary of State must, within one year of the day on which this Act is passed and annually thereafter, publish a report setting out the total number of persons prosecuted for illegally received abortifacients by post without a prescription under section (*Offence of receiving abortifacients by post*).

(2) The report under subsection (1) must include –

- (a) an assessment of the estimated total number of persons who have illegally acquired abortifacients by post without a prescription, and
- (b) proposals from the Government for reducing levels of illegally obtained abortifacients by post without a prescription.”

BARONESS LAWLOR

461H After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Abortion: requirement for in-person consultation and scan

In section 1(3D) of the Abortion Act 1967 (medical termination of pregnancy) –

- (a) omit “by telephone or by electronic means”;
- (b) after “pregnancy” insert “, for which the gestational age of the baby has been reliably ascertained by a medical scan or other clinically equivalent means.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause not only, as in amendment 460, requires an in-person consultation before medication to terminate the pregnancy may be lawfully prescribed, but also requires that there has been a medical scan or other clinically equivalent means.

BARONESS THORNTON
BARONESS MILLER OF CHILTHORNE DOMER
BARONESS GOUDIE
LORD PATEL

461J After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Provisions for pardons and criminal records of women prosecuted under abortion law

- (1) The Policing and Crime Act 2017 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 165 insert –

“165A Pardon and expungement of records for women under the law related to abortion

- (1) Subsections (2) and (3) apply in respect of a woman (whether living or deceased) who, when acting in relation to her own pregnancy, was convicted of, cautioned for, arrested for, or investigated on suspicion of, an offence under the law related to abortion, including sections 58 and 59 of the Offences Against the Person Act 1861, and the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929.
- (2) Where the woman has been convicted of, or cautioned for, an offence detailed in subsection (1), she is pardoned for the offence.
- (3) The Secretary of State must by notice direct the relevant data controller to delete details, contained in relevant official records, of a conviction, caution, arrest, or investigation detailed in subsection (1).
- (4) Expressions used in this section or section 167(1) (so far as relating to this section) and in Chapter 4 of Part 5 of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 have the same meaning in this section or (as the case may be) section 167(1) as in that Chapter (see section 101 of that Act).
- (5) In section 167 (sections 164 to 166: supplementary) –
 - (a) In subsection (1) after 165, insert “, or 165A”;
 - (b) In subsection (2) after 165, insert “, or 165A”.””

Member's explanatory statement

Abortion offences are currently classed as violent crimes meaning they will permanently be disclosed as part of a DBS check. This clause would pardon women who have a conviction or caution for an offence abolished by Clause 191. It would also ensure the removal of women's details from police systems, regardless of the outcome of their case.

BARONESS LAWLOR

461K★ After Clause 191, insert the following new Clause –

“Failure to ensure lawful provision of abortion services

- (1) An abortion provider which provides abortion services approved by the Secretary of State under section 1(3) of the Abortion Act 1967 (medical termination of pregnancy: hospital provision) commits an offence if –
 - (a) a termination of pregnancy is carried out following action taken by a person acting in the course of that body’s business,
 - (b) the termination is not lawful under section 1 of the Abortion Act 1967, and
 - (c) the abortion provider failed to take all reasonable steps to ensure that procedures were in place to confirm, prior to the termination, that the requirements of section 1(1) of the Abortion Act 1967 were satisfied.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the good faith opinion of a registered medical practitioner as set out in section 1(1) of the Abortion Act 1967 shall not, of itself, constitute a defence for an abortion provider.
- (3) Liability for the offence is carried by the director of the abortion provider and that person if guilty of an offence under this section is liable –
 - (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding the general limit in a magistrates’ court or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or to both);
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 10 years or to a fine (or to both)."

Clause 192

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

462 Clause 192, page 223, line 24, leave out “subsections (3) and” and insert “subsection”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 192, page 223, line 27.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

463 Clause 192, page 223, line 27, leave out subsection (3)

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment removes provision that is no longer needed because of the general data protection override in section 183A of the Data Protection Act 2018, which was inserted by section 106(2) of the Data (Use and Access) Act 2025 and came into force on 20 August 2025.

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

464 Clause 192, page 223, line 33, at end insert –

- “(4A) Before the appropriate national authority makes regulations under subsection (1) for the purpose of implementing a new international agreement, or significantly altering an existing agreement, the authority must conduct and publish a comprehensive Privacy Impact Assessment.
- (4B) The Privacy Impact Assessment required under subsection (4A) must analyse and report on –
 - (a) the necessity and proportionality of the information sharing arrangements,
 - (b) the mechanism by which individual rights, including those under Article 8 of the Human Rights Act 1998, will be safeguarded,
 - (c) the risks of non-compliance with the data protection legislation or of unintended consequences arising from the sharing of personal data, and
 - (d) the nature and volume of personal data intended to be shared or accessed under the agreement.
- (4C) The appropriate national authority must lay before Parliament, no later than 12 months after the first regulations are made under this section, and annually thereafter, a report on the operation of regulations made under this section.
- (4D) The annual report required under subsection (4C) must include, in particular –
 - (a) an assessment of the overall volume and categories of information shared under the regulations,
 - (b) a detailed analysis of the impact of the regulations on the privacy and data protection rights of individuals, and
 - (c) a summary of any internal reviews, audits, or legal challenges relating to information sharing under the agreements implemented by the regulations.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment requires a privacy impact assessment to be carried out before regulations are made under this section.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

465 Clause 192, page 224, leave out lines 1 and 2

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 192, page 223, line 27.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

466 Clause 192, page 224, leave out lines 7 and 8

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 192, page 223, line 27.

After Clause 194

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

467 After Clause 194, insert the following new Clause—

“Enhanced protective measures for sensitive data transfers

- (1) Where regulations under section 192 authorise the transfer or processing of highly sensitive personal data, the regulations must include enhanced protective measures.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, “highly sensitive personal data” includes, but is not limited to, information concerning an individual’s—
 - (a) racial or ethnic origin;
 - (b) biometric data processed for the purpose of unique identification;
 - (c) genetic data;
 - (d) physical or mental health conditions or data related to sexual life;
 - (e) political, philosophical, or religious opinions or beliefs.
- (3) Enhanced protective measures under subsection (1) must include provisions which ensure that—
 - (a) the international transfer has an explicit legal basis set out in the regulations, which is demonstrated to be strictly necessary and proportionate for the stated law enforcement purpose;
 - (b) a comprehensive assessment of the risk to the fundamental rights and freedoms of the data subjects (a Privacy Impact Assessment) has been completed for the specific transfer arrangement;
 - (c) the recipient country or international organisation is legally and technically capable of ensuring a standard of protection for the data equivalent to that afforded by the data protection legislation.
- (4) The Secretary of State must lay before Parliament the Privacy Impact Assessment required by subsection (3)(b) prior to the relevant regulations being made.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment requires enhanced protective measures to be used when highly sensitive data is transferred or processed under section 192.

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

468 After Clause 194, insert the following new Clause—

“Annual report on international law enforcement information-sharing

- (1) The Secretary of State must, in relation to each calendar year, prepare a report on the operation of international information-sharing agreements implemented by regulations made under section 192.
- (2) The report must detail the effectiveness and impact of information sharing including, but not limited to, the following information—

- (a) the number of international agreements in operation and the total volume of information exchanged under section 192;
- (b) an assessment of the effectiveness of the information sharing in achieving law enforcement purposes (being the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, including safeguarding against, and the prevention of, threats to public security);
- (c) a comprehensive analysis of the impact of the transfer and processing of personal data on the privacy and civil liberties of individuals, including any disproportionate application on the basis of protected characteristics;
- (d) details of any findings that information sharing under section 192 has contravened the data protection legislation.

(3) The Secretary of State must publish each report and lay a copy before Parliament no later than 1 July in the year following the year to which the report relates.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment requires an annual report to be produced on international law enforcement information sharing.

Clause 195

BARONESS BRINTON

Baroness Brinton gives notice of her intention to oppose the Question that Clause 195 stand part of the Bill.

Member's explanatory statement

This Clause would remove the right to a retrial following a conviction in absentia where the person convicted is deemed to have been present, even if there has been no contact between the person and the court approved lawyer.

After Clause 196

BARONESS CHAKRABARTI
 BARONESS HALE OF RICHMOND
 THE LORD BISHOP OF MANCHESTER
 BARONESS BUTLER-SLOSS

469

After Clause 196, insert the following Clause—

“Age of criminal responsibility

In section 50 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933, for “ten” substitute “14”.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would raise the age of criminal responsibility in England and Wales from ten to 14 years so that no child under that age could be tried for or convicted of a criminal offence.

BARONESS CHAKRABARTI
BARONESS MILLER OF CHILTHORNE DOMER
BARONESS JONES OF MOULSECOOMB

470 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Safeguards against abuses by Covert Human Intelligence Sources

- (1) Section 27 of the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) For subsection (1) substitute –
 - “(1) This Part applies to criminal conduct –
 - (a) under an authorisation under this Part, and
 - (b) where the conduct is in accordance with the authorisation.”.
 - (3) For subsection (2) substitute –
 - “(2) This part also applies to civil liability in relation to any conduct which –
 - (a) is incidental to any conduct within subsection (1), and
 - (b) is not itself conduct an authorisation or warrant for which is capable of being granted under a relevant enactment and might reasonably have been expected to have been sought in the case in question.
 - (2A) If a person acts in accordance with a criminal conduct authorisation under section 29B (covert human intelligence sources: criminal conduct authorisations), the nature of that authorisation and compliance with it shall be considered and deemed relevant to –
 - (a) any decision as to whether prosecution for a criminal offence by that person is in the public interest,
 - (b) any potential defences to such charges of criminal conduct, and
 - (c) any potential civil liability on the part of that person, and the quantum of any damages.
 - (2B) The protections in subsection (2A) only apply where the conduct is not carried out for the primary purpose of –
 - (a) encouraging or assisting, pursuant to sections 44 to 49 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 (inchoate offences), the commission of an offence by, or
 - (b) otherwise seeking to discredit, the person, people or group subject to the authorised surveillance operation.”.”

Member's explanatory statement

These amendments replace provisions of the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 as amended by the Covert Human Intelligence Sources Act 2021 granting complete advanced criminal and civil immunity for authorised operatives and agents, with a public interest defence as long as they did not act as agents provocateurs.

LORD CLEMENT-JONES
BARONESS DOOCEY
LORD STRASBURGER
BARONESS FOX OF BUCKLEY

471 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Safeguards for the use of facial recognition technology in public spaces

- (1) The use of live facial recognition technology for real-time biometric identification, by any public or private authorities, shall be prohibited unless one or more of the following conditions are met –
 - (a) it is used for the purpose of preventing, detecting, or investigating serious crimes as defined under the Serious Crime Act 2007,
 - (b) the deployment has received prior judicial authorisation specifying the scope, duration, and purpose of its use,
 - (c) it is necessary and proportionate for preventing an imminent and substantial threat to public safety, such as a terrorist attack, or
 - (d) it is deployed for the purpose of locating missing persons or vulnerable individuals at risk.
- (2) Any public authority deploying live facial recognition technology must –
 - (a) conduct and publish a Data Protection Impact Assessment before deployment,
 - (b) ensure that use is compliant with the principles of necessity and proportionality as outlined in the Human Rights Act 1998,
 - (c) maintain clear and publicly available records of deployments, including justification for use and any safeguards implemented,
 - (d) inform the public of deployments, unless exceptional circumstances apply, and
 - (e) create, implement and follow nationwide statutory guidance for using the technology.
- (3) The use of live facial recognition technology for mass surveillance, profiling, or automated decision-making without human oversight, is an offence.
- (4) The Information Commissioner’s Office and an independent oversight body shall be responsible for monitoring compliance with the provisions of this section, conducting audits, and investigating complaints.
- (5) Within six months of the passing of this Act, the Secretary of State must ensure that a motion is tabled, and moved, before both Houses of Parliament to approve the appointment of the independent oversight body specified in subsection (4).
- (6) A public authority or private entity guilty of an offence under this section will be liable –
 - (a) on summary conviction, to a fine;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.
- (7) A private individual found guilty of an offence under this section will be liable –

- (a) on summary conviction, to a fine;
- (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine or imprisonment (or both).

(8) The Secretary of State must lay before both Houses of Parliament an annual report detailing the use of live facial recognition technology, including instances of authorisation and compliance measures undertaken, and ensure that a motion is tabled, and moved, before both Houses to approve the report.

(9) The motion specified in subsection (8) must include proposals to strengthen the role of the Office of the Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner (OBSCC) in overseeing the impact of emerging technology such as facial recognition and its impact on civil liberties.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause limits the use of live facial recognition in public to serious cases like preventing major crimes, finding missing people, or responding to threats and requires prior judicial approval.

LORD ALTON OF LIVERPOOL
 LORD ANDERSON OF IPSWICH
 BARONESS KENNEDY OF THE SHAWS
 BARONESS HODGSON OF ABINGER

472 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Universal jurisdiction over the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes, and ancillary conduct (England and Wales)

- (1) The International Criminal Court Act 2001 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 51(1)–
 - (a) after “person”, insert “, whatever his or her nationality,”;
 - (b) after “war crime”, insert “in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.”.
- (3) Omit section 51(2).
- (4) In section 52(1)–
 - (a) after “person”, insert “, whatever his or her nationality,”;
 - (b) after “conduct”, insert “in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.”.
- (5) Omit section 52(4).”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause gives effect to the JCHR's recommendation to amend the ICC Act 2001 to provide for the exercise of universal jurisdiction over the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes, and ancillary conduct. This would allow for the authorities in England and Wales to prosecute persons suspected of these crimes without any requirement for a connection to the UK.

LORD ALTON OF LIVERPOOL
 LORD ANDERSON OF IPSWICH
 BARONESS KENNEDY OF THE SHAWS
 BARONESS HODGSON OF ABINGER

473 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Universal jurisdiction over the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes, and ancillary conduct (Northern Ireland)

- (1) The International Criminal Court Act 2001 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 58(1) –
 - (a) after “person”, insert “, whatever his or her nationality,”;
 - (b) after “war crime”, insert “in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.”.
- (3) Omit section 58(2).
- (4) In section 59(1) –
 - (a) after “person”, insert “, whatever his or her nationality,”;
 - (b) after “conduct”, insert “in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.”.
- (5) Omit section 59(4).”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause gives effect to the JCHR's recommendation to amend the ICC Act 2001 to provide for the exercise of universal jurisdiction over the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes, and ancillary conduct. This would allow for the authorities in England and Wales to prosecute persons suspected of these crimes without any requirement for a connection to the UK.

BARONESS KIDRON
 LORD CLEMENT-JONES
 BARONESS BARRAN
 BARONESS MORGAN OF COTES

474 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Regulation of information by providers of internet services in connection with death of child

- (1) The Online Safety Act 2023 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 101 (information in connection with an investigation into the death of a child) –
 - (a) before subsection (A1) insert –

“(ZA1) A senior coroner (in England and Wales), a procurator fiscal (in Scotland) or a coroner (in Northern Ireland) must inform OFCOM when notified of the death of a child aged five to 17 years, no more than five working days after such a notification, to –

 - (a) enable them to detect whether a crime may have been committed, or

- (b) establish information and activities relevant to the circumstances of a child's death.",
- (b) in subsection (A1)(a), omit "that they are conducting an investigation in connection with" and insert "of",
- (c) in subsection (A1)(b), after "with" insert "one or more of",
- (d) at the end of subsection (B1), insert—
 - (e) anything else that the investigating authority deems relevant.",
- (e) after subsection (C1)(b), insert—
 - (c) must return a standard template for the use of the investigating authority to give notice or require information in relation to the death of a child.",
- (f) after subsection (D1), insert—
 - "(D1A) The standard template mentioned in subsection (C1)(c) must include sections for requesting, but is not limited to—
 - (a) the names of common applications, services and online spaces likely to be accessed by a child as indicated by OFCOM's research, including but not limited to the most recent Media Use and Attitudes reports,
 - (b) content uploaded, generated, shared or viewed by the child, including messages, comments, reactions, videos, pictures, or any other content that forms part of a child's profile or activity,
 - (c) content that a child had received, including direct messages, comments, reactions, views, videos and pictures,
 - (d) content recommended to a child,
 - (e) content stored by a child,
 - (f) content flagged for moderation either by the child or which the child has engaged with, and any actions taken,
 - (g) metadata associated with the content set out in paragraphs (a)-(f), including time, data, account details of users who messaged a child or uploaded, generated or shared content encountered by a child, how long a child paused on content, how long a child spent on a service, and any other metadata that may be relevant,
 - (h) search requests entered by the child (and metadata associated with those requests such as date and time),
 - (i) connection lists and channels that the child followed,
 - (j) online networks that the child was a part of,
 - (k) any other content that OFCOM deems relevant for a coroner to consider,
 - (l) an open box to ask questions formulated by the coroner,
 - (m) an open box for a regulated service to supply any other information that they might consider would impact on the coroner's inquiry, and

- (n) any data that is categorised or labelled differently but can be reasonably considered equivalent to data as set out in paragraphs (a)-(l) above or is necessary for the coroner to perform their duties.

(D1B) The standard template must stipulate –

- (a) that regulated services are expected to complete each section of the template, and
- (b) that it is permissible for an online service to complete a section of the template with ‘nil’ if it does not have that information.

(D1C) In this section, “template” means a document that is updated every 24 months and shared with –

- (a) the Chief Coroner;
- (b) the Coroners’ Society of England & Wales;
- (c) Chief Constables;
- (d) child safety experts;
- (e) relevant NGOs and parent groups;
- (f) any other persons OFCOM deem relevant.”.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment makes data preservation notices automatic upon a child’s death and requires OFCOM to provide a template which includes basic data coroners will need, and allows a coroner to request any further information that they deem necessary to their investigation. This information is key to conducting an investigation into a child’s death and determining whether a criminal investigation is necessary. The amendment seeks to make data preservation notices fast, consistent and effective.

BARONESS KIDRON
LORD CLEMENT-JONES
BARONESS BARRAN
BARONESS MORGAN OF COTES

475

After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Awareness of information in connection with an investigation into the death of a child

- (1) The Secretary of State must, within three months of the day on which this Act is passed, write a letter setting out the powers of coroners to request Data Preservation Notices and Coroner Information Notices under section 101 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (information in connection with an investigation into the death of a child) in order to support the investigation of any potential related crime.
- (2) The letter must set out –

- (a) the requirement of the coroner to inform OFCOM when a child has died in accordance with section 101 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (information in connection with an investigation into the death of a child);
- (b) the powers a coroner has to request the preservation of data in connection with an investigation into the death of a child, in accordance with section 101 of that Act;
- (c) the powers a coroner has to request information in connection with the death of a child, in accordance with section 101 of that Act;
- (d) an example of the template of the scope and range of information that may be relevant to the death of a child in accordance with section 101 of that Act.

(3) The letter must be addressed to—

- (a) the Chief Coroner;
- (b) the Coroners' Society of England & Wales;
- (c) area coroners;
- (d) Police and Crime Commissioners;
- (e) Chief Constables;
- (f) the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police;
- (g) the College of Policing;
- (h) relevant NGOs and parent groups;
- (i) any other persons the Secretary of State deems relevant.”

Member's explanatory statement

This is an amendment consequential on another amendment in the name of Baroness Kidron which would require the Secretary of State to ensure that all coroners and the police were aware of their new responsibilities under the other amendment.

LORD PONSONBY OF SHULBREDE
 LORD HAMPTON
 LORD SPELLAR
 LORD GARNIER

476 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Childhood conditional cautions: prevention of disclosure

- (1) Section 112 of the Police Act 1997 (criminal conviction certificates) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (3), in the definition for “conditional caution”, leave out “or section 66A of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

Member's explanatory statement

The amendment seeks to prevent the automatic disclosure of childhood conditional cautions in a DBS check by amending the definition of a criminal conviction certificate in the Police Act 1997.

LORD PONSONBY OF SHULBREDE
 LORD HAMPTON
 LORD SPELLAR
 LORD GARNIER

477 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Adult treatment of youth offending

- (1) Article 2A of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 (S.I. 1975/1023) is amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (2)(a), for “conviction” substitute “offence”.
- (3) In sub-paragraph (2)(b), for “conviction” substitute “offence” in both places where it occurs.”

Member's explanatory statement

The amendment seeks to ensure that the criminal record for a juvenile is dated from the offence rather than the conviction (due to court delays they may be sentenced when no longer a juvenile).

LORD PONSONBY OF SHULBREDE
 LORD HAMPTON
 LORD SPELLAR
 LORD GARNIER

478 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Adult treatment of youth offending: custodial sentencing

- (1) Article 2A of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 (Amendment) (England and Wales) Order (S.I. 1975/1023) (cautions) is amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (3)(a), at beginning insert “where the person was 18 years old or over at the time of the offence”
- (3) In sub-paragraph (4)(a) –
 - (a) at beginning insert “where the person was 18 years or over at the time of the offence.”;
 - (b) omit “and”;
 - (c) at end insert –
 - (ab) where the person was under 18 years at the time of the offence, a custodial sentence (other than a detention and training order within the meaning given by section 233 of the Sentencing Code or an order under section 211 of the Armed Forces Act 2006), and”.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment seeks to ensure that custodial sentences (except for the most serious) will be removed an individual's criminal record after five and half years, if the offence was committed before the age of 18.

BARONESS KIDRON
VISCOUNT COLVILLE OF CULROSS
LORD CLEMENT-JONES
BARONESS MORGAN OF COTES

479 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“AI search services safety: offence

- (1) It is an offence for the provider of a generative AI search service to allow the creation, viewing, listening to, sharing, broadcasting or storing, using that service, of content that would be –
 - (a) illegal content and activity, as defined by section 59 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (“illegal content” etc);
 - (b) content and activity that is harmful to children, as defined by section 60 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (“content that is harmful to children”), if the user is a child.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a generative AI search service means a deep or large language model able to generate text, images and other content based on the data on which they were trained and user prompts.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, “content” has the meaning given in section 236 (interpretation: general) of the Online Safety Act 2023, and includes both content generated by an AI search service and content generated by a user.
- (4) A provider which commits an offence under this section is liable –
 - (a) to the application of the enforcement powers set out in Part 7, Chapter 6 (enforcement powers) of the Online Safety Act 2023, where the provider is a regulated service under section 4 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (“regulated service”, “Part 3 service” etc.);
 - (c) to a penalty notice, issued by the National Crime Agency and not exceeding £18 million, where the provider is not a regulated service under section 4 of that Act.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is intended to ensure that generative AI search services do not create illegal content.

BARONESS KIDRON
LORD CLEMENT-JONES
VISCOUNT COLVILLE OF CULROSS
BARONESS MORGAN OF COTES

480 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“AI chatbots: offence

- (1) It is an offence to—
 - (a) create,
 - (b) supply, or
 - (c) otherwise make available,
an AI chatbot which produces content specified in subsection (2).
- (2) Content which it is illegal for an AI chatbot to produce is—
 - (a) for all users, illegal content, as defined by section 59 of the Online Safety Act (“illegal content” etc.);
 - (b) for users aged under 18, content and activity that is harmful to children, as defined by section 60 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (“content that is harmful to children”).
- (3) Where an offence is committed by a provider of a regulated service under section 4 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (“regulated service”, “Part 3 service” etc.), it is subject to the enforcement powers set out in Chapter 6 of Part 7 of the Online Safety Act 2023 (enforcement powers).
- (4) Where an offence is committed by a person who is not a regulated service under section 4 of the Online Safety Act 2023, they are liable to—
 - (a) a fine not exceeding £20,000, and
 - (b) imprisonment for a minimum term of 6 months.
- (5) It is a defence for a provider of a regulated service charged with an offence under this section to prove that they—
 - (a) took reasonable steps to avoid making, supplying or making available an AI chatbot that breached the provisions in subsection (1), including a written risk assessment on the likelihood of such a breach,
 - (b) provided accessible and transparent means with which users could report if the AI chatbot breached the provisions in subsection (1),
 - (c) notified OFCOM of any risks within 15 working days of identifying a problem, and
 - (d) agreed mitigations with OFCOM.
- (6) It is a defence for a person who is not a regulated service under section 4 of the Online Safety Act 2023 and is charged with an offence under this section to prove that they—
 - (a) created, supplied or otherwise made available an AI chatbot which breached the provisions in subsection (1) for the purposes of the prevention, detection or investigation of crime, or for the purposes of criminal proceedings, in any part of the world,

- (b) were a member of, employed by, or engaged by OFCOM and created, supplied or otherwise made available an AI chatbot which breached the provisions in subsection (1) in the exercise of OFCOM's online safety functions,
- (c) were red-teaming or testing the product, for the purposes of ensuring its compatibility with the code, or
- (d) did all of the following –
 - (i) took reasonable steps to avoid making, supplying or making available an AI chatbot that breached the provisions in section (1), including a written risk assessment on the likelihood of such a breach,
 - (ii) provided accessible and transparent means with which users could report if the AI chatbot breached the provisions in subsection (1), and
 - (iii) deleted, withdrew or took mitigating steps within 15 working days of identifying a problem.

(7) For the purposes of this section, an AI chatbot is a generative AI system, including a deep or large language model, able to generate text, images and other content based on the data on which it was trained, which has been designed to engage a person in a way that mimics the behaviour of a human being."

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is intended to ensure that AI chatbots cannot be used to create illegal content.

LORD MCCOLL OF DULWICH

481 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Review: bicycle delivery services and criminal activity

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must undertake and publish a review on bicycle and motorcycle delivery services and any –
 - (a) reliance they have on, and
 - (b) contribution they make to, criminal activity.
- (2) The review must make recommendations on whether the criminal law must be changed in response to the findings.
- (3) The review must investigate –
 - (a) the immigration status of bicycle and motorcycle delivery riders in terms of the criminal law,
 - (b) any involvement of bicycle and motorcycle delivery riders in –
 - (i) the theft and transportation of goods, and
 - (ii) the supply of illegal drugs, and
 - (c) the case for crime prevention measures relating to the restriction of wearing helmets, masks and other face coverings at the point of delivery.

(d) whether bicycle delivery riders contribute to crime or fear of crime in residential blocks with shared entrances and corridors.”

LORD CROMWELL
 BARONESS JONES OF MOULSECOOMB
 LORD HOGAN-HOWE

482 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Report: economic crime fighting fund

- (1) The Secretary of State must undertake an assessment of the viability, and potential merits, of establishing an economic crime fighting fund based on the principle of reinvesting a proportion of receipts resulting from economic crime enforcement into a pooled fund for the purposes of providing multi-year resourcing for tackling economic crime.
- (2) The assessment specified in subsection (1) must also examine the impact of budget exchange rules on the functioning of the asset recovery incentivisation scheme.
- (3) In carrying out the assessment, the Secretary of State must consult such persons as they consider appropriate.
- (4) The Secretary of State must publish and lay before Parliament a report on the outcome of the assessment by the end of the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed.”

BARONESS MILLER OF CHILTHORNE DOMER
 EARL RUSSELL
 LORD CROMWELL

483 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Rural crime prevention strategy

- (1) On the day after the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must establish a rural crime prevention task force to develop proposals for tackling rural crime.
- (2) The task force must be given a remit that includes, but is not confined to, examining—
 - (a) the particular types of crime that occur in rural areas, including but not limited to—
 - (i) quad bike theft;
 - (ii) equipment theft;
 - (iii) animal rustling;
 - (iv) fly tipping;
 - (v) worrying of livestock by dogs;
 - (vi) hare coursing;
 - (vii) poaching,

- (b) crime rates in rural communities across England and Wales,
- (c) the current levels of police resources and funding in rural communities,
- (d) whether specific training in how to respond to rural crime call-outs should be undertaken by police control room operators,
- (e) the operational case, and the funding implications, of appointing rural crime specialists in Police Forces across England and Wales which serve areas that include a significant rural population, and
- (f) whether a National Rural Crime Coordinator should be established.

(3) The task force established under subsection (1) must submit a rural crime prevention strategy to the Secretary of State within six months of its appointment.

(4) The Secretary of State must, within a month of receiving the report made by the task force, lay the report and a written response to the task force's recommendations before both Houses of Parliament.

(5) The Secretary of State must, within a month of laying their response to the task force's report, ensure that an amendable motion on the subject of the rural crime task force's recommendations is laid, and moved, before both Houses of Parliament."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Secretary of State to establish a task force to produce a strategy for tackling rural crime, makes provision for specific aspects of the task force's remit, and requires the Secretary of State to bring forward a substantive motion before both Houses of Parliament on the task force's recommendations.

BARONESS BAKEWELL OF HARDINGTON MANDEVILLE
 EARL RUSSELL
 BARONESS JONES OF MOULSECOOMB

484 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Offence of failing to meet pollution performance commitment levels

- (1) A water or water and sewerage company (“C”) commits an offence where C has –
 - (a) failed to meet its pollution performance commitment level for three consecutive years, or
 - (b) experienced an increase in serious pollution levels for three consecutive years.
- (2) For the purposes of this section –
 - (a) “water or water and sewerage company” means companies which are responsible for the provision of water, or water and sewerage, services and which are regulated by Ofwat and the Environment Agency,
 - (b) “pollution performance commitment level” means the level of performance on pollution that the company has committed to deliver, and which is reported against by Ofwat in its annual water company performance report, and

- (c) “total pollution incidents per 10,000km²” and “serious pollution incidents” mean the relevant figures under those headings reported by the Environment Agency in its annual environmental performance report.
- (3) If guilty of an offence under this section, C is liable –
 - (a) on summary conviction, to a fine;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause creates an offence of failing to meet pollution performance commitment levels.

BARONESS BAKEWELL OF HARDINGTON MANDEVILLE
 EARL RUSSELL
 BARONESS JONES OF MOULSECOOMB

485 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Senior manager liability for failure to meet pollution performance commitment levels

- (1) A person (“P”) commits an offence where –
 - (a) P is a senior manager of a water or water and sewerage company (“C”),
 - (b) C commits an offence under section (*Offence of failing to meet pollution performance commitment levels*), and
 - (c) P has failed to take all reasonable steps to prevent that offence being committed by C.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, “senior manager” means an individual who plays a significant role in –
 - (a) the making of decisions about how C’s relevant activities are to be managed or organised, or
 - (b) the actual managing or organising of C’s relevant activities.
- (3) Where P is charged with an offence under this section, it is a defence for P to show that P was a senior manager of C for such a short time during the relevant period that P could not reasonably have been expected to take steps to prevent that offence being committed by C.
- (4) Where P is guilty of an offence under this section, P is liable –
 - (a) on summary conviction, to a fine;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause creates senior manager liability for failure to meet pollution performance commitment levels.

LORD GARNIER
BARONESS FOX OF BUCKLEY
LORD PONSONBY OF SHULBREDE
LORD BERKELEY OF KNIGHTON

486 After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Joint enterprise

- (1) The Accessories and Abettors Act 1861 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 8 (abettors in misdemeanors), after “shall” insert “, by making a significant contribution to its commission.”.”

LORD CROMWELL

486A After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Use of drone technology: offence

- (1) A person commits an offence if they use drone technology to –
 - (a) conduct reconnaissance of land or buildings with the intent of committing a further crime, or
 - (b) carry items including controlled drugs, stolen goods, illegal weapons, harmful substances, or other items intended for illegal use in respect of people, property or good order.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) is liable –
 - (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine (or both).”

LORD WALNEY
LORD POLAK
BARONESS FOSTER OF AGHADRUMSEE
LORD GOODMAN OF WYCOMBE

486B After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause –

“Access to public funds for organisations supporting criminal conduct

- (1) An organisation or group will not be eligible for public funding if there is evidence that it –
 - (a) promotes, supports, encourages or condones the commission of criminal conduct in the United Kingdom or conduct elsewhere which would be criminal in the United Kingdom, or
 - (b) seeks to subvert, undermine or replace the constitutional integrity or democratic institutions of the United Kingdom through violent or illegal means.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), this includes (but is not limited to) organisations which advance or advocate through violent or illegal means—

- Islamist extremism or any ideology seeking to establish an alternative constitutional, legal or governance system in place of the United Kingdom’s democratic and constitutional framework, or
- other extremist ideologies seeking the erosion or replacement of democratic institutions, parliamentary sovereignty or the rule of law.”

LORD MENDELSOHN
BARONESS DEECH

486C After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Crown Prosecution Service unit for offences motivated by antisemitism

The Director of Public Prosecutions must appoint staff from within the Crown Prosecution Service to create a dedicated unit to support the prosecution of offences motivated by antisemitism.”

LORD CARTER OF HASLEMERE

486D After Clause 196, insert the following new Clause—

“Childhood convictions for first-time offences under section 5 (3) of the Regulation of Railways Act 1889, and offences of failing to produce a valid ticket under the Railway Byelaws 2005

- Section 112 of the Police Act 1997 (criminal conviction certificates) is amended as follows.
- After subsection (2), insert—

“(2A) No criminal conviction certificate shall be issued in respect of an offence under section 5 (3) of the Regulations of Railways Act 1889 (penalty for avoiding payment of fare), or an offence under the Railway Byelaws 2005 of failing to produce a valid ticket, if it was an offence committed by an individual who was a child at the time of the offence and it was the first time they had committed the offence.””

Member's explanatory statement

The amendment prevents a criminal conviction certificate being issued by the Secretary of State in respect of a first-time offence committed by a child of avoiding payment of a fare or failing to produce a valid ticket.

Clause 197

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

487 Clause 197, page 228, line 6, at end insert—

- “(za) sections 40 and 41;
- “(zb) section (*Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland*)(1) and Schedule (*CCE prevention orders: Scotland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified provisions.

BARONESS LEVITT

488 Clause 197, page 228, line 7, at end insert—

- “(aa) section (*Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: Scotland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

489 Clause 197, page 228, line 7, at end insert—

- “(aa) sections (*Child sexual abuse image-generators: Scotland*) and (*Possession of advice or guidance about child sexual abuse or CSA images: Scotland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified new clauses (inserted after clauses 63 and 64).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

490 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

491 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

492 Clause 197, page 228, line 15, at end insert—

- “(za) section (*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to make regulations containing amendments consequential on my new clause, (Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland), inserted after clause 36.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

493 Clause 197, page 228, line 15, at end insert—

- “(za) sections 40 and 41;
- “(zb) section (*Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland*)(2) and Schedule (*CCE prevention orders: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified provisions.

BARONESS LEVITT

494 Clause 197, page 228, line 16, at end insert—

- “(aa) section (*Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: England and Wales and Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

495 Clause 197, page 228, line 16, at end insert—

- “(aa) section (*Child sexual abuse image-generators: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified new clause (inserted after clause 63).

BARONESS LEVITT

496 Clause 197, page 228, line 18, at end insert—

- “(ca) section (*Child abduction: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to make regulations containing provision consequential on the specified new clause (inserted after clause 104).

Clause 198

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

497 Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “section” insert “51(6),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new power of the Secretary of State to amend the list of prevention orders in clause 51 (inserted by my amendment to clause 51, page 68, line 30) is subject to the affirmative resolution procedure.

LORD NASH

497ZA Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “65(5)” insert “, section (*Software to prevent the recording, transmitting and viewing of child sexual abuse material*),”

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

497A Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “81,” insert “(*Obscenity etc offences: technology testing defence*), (*Technology testing defence: meaning of “relevant offence”*),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for regulations made by the Secretary of State under the specified new clauses (inserted after clause 84) to be subject to the affirmative procedure.

LORD LUCAS

498 Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “81,” insert “section (*Police guidance and pilot: enforcement of criminal offences for illegal vehicles on roads*),”

LORD HOGAN-HOWE
LORD MCCOLL OF DULWICH
BARONESS NEVILLE-ROLFE

498A Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “81,” insert “section (*Dangerous, careless or inconsiderate cycling: registration scheme*),”

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

499 Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “122,” insert “section (*Mandatory training for exercise of service police powers*),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment makes regulations made under a new clause proposed by Lord Clement-Jones subject to the affirmative procedure.

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

500 Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “122,” insert “section (*Independent oversight of service police powers under section 93ZA of the Armed Forces Act 2006*),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment makes regulations made under a new clause proposed by Lord Clement-Jones subject to the affirmative procedure.

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

501 Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “122,” insert “129,”

LORD WALNEY

501A Clause 198, page 228, line 38, after “122,” insert “(*Designation and restriction of Extreme Criminal Protest Groups*)”

EARL ATTLEE

502 Clause 198, page 228, line 39, after “133(7)” insert “, section (*Police charges for escorting vehicles or trailers carrying a load of exceptional dimensions*) or”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is connected to another in the name of Earl Attlee which seeks to require the Secretary of State to establish a regulatory framework to manage the fees charged to hauliers by police forces for escorting a vehicle or trailer carrying a load of exceptional dimensions.

BARONESS MACLEAN OF REDDITCH

502A Clause 198, page 228, line 39, leave out “or 158(1)(k)” and insert “, 158(1)(k), or 191(3)”

LORD CLEMENT-JONES

503 Clause 198, page 228, line 39, at end insert “or 192”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment requires regulations under section 192 of the Bill to be made by the affirmative procedure.

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

504 Clause 198, page 228, line 39, at end insert “or 201(13)”

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

505 Clause 198, page 228, line 39, at end insert “or 191(5)”

LORD BAILEY OF PADDINGTON

506 Clause 198, page 228, line 39, at end insert “or section (*Police covenant: mandatory reporting on suicide and attempted suicide*)”

Clause 199

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

507 Clause 199, page 229, line 16, at end insert—

“(c) regulations under paragraph 10(4) of Schedule (*CCE prevention orders: Scotland*).”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new power of the Scottish Ministers to amend the list of prevention orders in paragraph 10 of the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders in Scotland (inserted after Schedule 5) is subject to the affirmative resolution procedure.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

508 Clause 199, page 229, line 29, at end insert—

“(c) regulations under paragraph 10(6) of Schedule (*CCE prevention orders: Northern Ireland*).”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new power of the Department of Justice to amend the list of prevention orders in paragraph 10 of the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders in Northern Ireland (inserted after Schedule 5) is subject to the affirmative resolution procedure.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

508A Clause 199, page 229, line 33, after “by” insert “Welsh”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment adjusts provision about regulations made by the Welsh Ministers to take account of Part 2A of the Legislation (Wales) Act 2019 (which is inserted by the Legislation (Procedure, Publication and Repeals) (Wales) Act 2025).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

508B Clause 199, page 229, line 35, leave out subsection (8) and insert—

“(8) Regulations made by the Welsh Ministers under section 192 are subject to the Senedd annulment procedure (see section 37E of the Legislation (Wales) Act 2019 (anaw 4)).”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment adjusts provision about regulations made by the Welsh Ministers to take account of Part 2A of the Legislation (Wales) Act 2019 (which is inserted by the Legislation (Procedure, Publication and Repeals) (Wales) Act 2025).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

509 Clause 199, page 229, line 38, at end insert—

““regulations” means regulations under any provision of this Act except section 201.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendments to clause 201, page 232, lines 25 and 35.

Clause 200

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

510 Clause 200, page 230, line 7, after “40” insert “(1) to (4)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment removes section 40(5), which should extend to England and Wales only, from a list of provisions having UK extent.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

511 Clause 200, page 230, line 10, at end insert “and Schedule 7”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for Schedule 7 (which lists the offences to which clause 65 applies) to have UK extent.

BARONESS LEVITT

512 Clause 200, page 230, line 13, at end insert—

“(ja) section (Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: England and Wales and Northern Ireland)(5);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the amendment to the Online Safety Act 2023 in the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84) extends to the whole of the UK.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

512A Clause 200, page 230, line 13, at end insert—

“(ja) sections (*Obscenity etc offences: technology testing defence*) and (*Technology testing defence: meaning of “relevant offence”*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clauses (inserted after clause 84) to have UK extent.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

513 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

514 Clause 200, page 230, line 29, after “Sections” insert “36(1),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that clause 36(1), which inserts new section 141D of the Criminal Justice Act 1988, extends to England and Wales and Scotland. At present it extends only to England and Wales.

BARONESS LEVITT

515 Clause 200, page 230, line 30, after “(4),” insert “(*Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: England and Wales and Northern Ireland*)(1) to (3),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the subsections of the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84) that amend the Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008 extend to England and Wales and Northern Ireland.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

516 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “Sections” insert “(*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*)(1) to (3)”

Member's explanatory statement

*This amendment provides for the specified provisions of my new clause (*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*), inserted after clause 36, to extend to Northern Ireland only.*

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

517 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

518 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

519 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “Sections” insert “(*Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland*)(2),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the subsection introducing the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders for Northern Ireland (inserted after Schedule 5) extends to Northern Ireland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

520 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “61” insert “(*Safeguarding vulnerable groups: regulated activity (Northern Ireland)*)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the specified new clause (inserted after clause 105) extends to Northern Ireland only.

BARONESS LEVITT

521 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “61,” insert “(*Child abduction: Northern Ireland*),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the specified new clause (inserted after clause 104) extends to Northern Ireland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

522 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “61,” insert “94(3),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new subsection inserted by my amendment to clause 94, page 121, line 17 extends to Northern Ireland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

522A Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “61” insert “(*Stalking protection orders: Northern Ireland*), (*Guidance about disclosure of information by police: Northern Ireland*)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clauses to extend to Northern Ireland.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

523 Clause 200, page 230, line 33, after “188,” insert “Schedule (CCE prevention orders: Northern Ireland)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders for Northern Ireland (inserted after Schedule 5) extends to Northern Ireland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

524 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

525 Clause 200, page 230, line 35, after “Section” insert “(Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland)(1) and”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the subsection introducing the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders for Scotland (inserted after Schedule 5) extends to Scotland only.

BARONESS LEVITT

526 Clause 200, page 230, line 35, after “Section” insert “(Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: Scotland),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84) extends to Scotland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

527 Clause 200, page 230, line 35, after “145(3)” insert “, Schedule (CCE prevention orders: Scotland)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides that the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders for Scotland (inserted after Schedule 5) extends to Scotland only.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

528 Clause 200, page 230, line 38, leave out “or” and insert “to”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives clause 28(2) the same extent as the provisions it amends, with the effect of allowing trial on indictment in Scotland for an offence under section 141A of the Criminal Justice Act 1988.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

529 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

530 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

531 Clause 200, page 230, line 39, at end insert—
“(ba) section 36(2);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for clause 36(2) to have the same extent as the provision it amends. It is related to my second amendment to clause 200, page 230, line 29, which provides for new section 141D to extend to Scotland as well as England and Wales.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

532 Clause 200, page 230, line 39, at end insert—
“(ba) section (Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland)(4);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified provision to have the same extent as the provision it amends.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

533 Clause 200, page 231, line 1, at end insert—
“(ca) section (Child sexual abuse image-generators: Scotland);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clause (inserted after clause 63) to have the same extent as the provisions it amends.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

534 Clause 200, page 231, line 1, at end insert—

“(ca) section (*Child sexual abuse image-generators: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clause (inserted after clause 63) to have the same extent as the provisions it amends.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

535 Clause 200, page 231, line 2, at end insert—

“(da) section (*Possession of advice or guidance about child sexual abuse or CSA images: Scotland*)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clause (inserted after clause 64) to have the same extent as the provisions it amends.

Clause 201

BARONESS MACLEAN OF REDDITCH

535A Clause 201, page 231, line 39, after “sections” insert “(*Independent Commission on Grooming Gangs: timescale*);”

BARONESS CASH

535B Clause 201, page 231, line 39, at end insert—

“(aa) section (*Obstructing investigation of child sexual abuse in public office*);”

Member's explanatory statement

*This amendment brings into force the new clause *Obstructing investigation of child sexual abuse in public office* on the day on which the Act is passed.*

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

536 Clause 201, page 232, line 2, leave out paragraph (d)

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

537 Clause 201, page 232, line 3, leave out “section” and insert “sections 195 and”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment removes clause 195 (extradition) from the list of provisions that come into force on Royal Assent. The effect is that it will be commenced by regulations under clause 201(1).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

537A Clause 201, page 232, line 7, at end insert—

- “(ba) sections (*Obscenity etc offences: technology testing defence*) and (*Technology testing defence: meaning of “relevant offence”*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the specified new clauses (inserted after clause 84) to come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

538 Clause 201, page 232, line 15, at end insert—

- “(3A) Section (*Cloud service access restrictions: lost or stolen mobile phone devices*) comes into force at the end of the period of six months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed.”

LORD DAVIES OF GOWER
LORD CAMERON OF LOCHIEL

538A Clause 201, page 232, line 15, at end insert—

- “(3A) Sections 115 and 116 may not come into force until at least three months have elapsed following the publication of draft regulations under section 117 specifying articles for the purposes of those sections.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that the definition of a specified article for the purposes of the new offences in clauses 115 and 116 is published in regulations at least three months before the new offences are able to come into force.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

539 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

540 Clause 201, page 232, line 22, after “94(2)” insert “and (3)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 94, page 121, line 17.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

541 Clause 201, page 232, line 25, leave out “order” and insert “regulations”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the Scottish Ministers to make commencement regulations rather than commencement orders.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

542 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

543 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

544 Clause 201, page 232, line 29, at end insert—

“(za) section (*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*)(1) to (3), and section (*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*)(4) so far as extending to Northern Ireland;”

Member's explanatory statement

*This amendment provides for my new clause (*Duty to report remote sale of knives etc in bulk: Northern Ireland*), inserted after clause 36, to be commenced by order made by the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland.*

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

545 Clause 201, page 232, line 29, at end insert—

“(za) section (*Child sexual abuse image-generators: Northern Ireland*) so far as extending to Northern Ireland;”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to commence the specified new clause (inserted after clause 63) for Northern Ireland.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

546 Clause 201, page 232, line 29, at end insert—

“(za) section (*Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland*)(2) and Schedule (*CCE prevention orders: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to commence the new provisions about child criminal exploitation prevention orders for Northern Ireland.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

547 Clause 201, page 232, line 31, at end insert—

“(aa) section 94(3);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department for Justice in Northern Ireland power to commence the provision inserted by my amendment to clause 94, page 121, line 17.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

547A Clause 201, page 232, line 31, at end insert—

“(aa) sections (*Stalking protection orders: Northern Ireland*) and (*Guidance about disclosure of information by police: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland to commence the specified new clauses.

BARONESS LEVITT

548 Clause 201, page 232, line 32, after “sections” insert “(*Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: England and Wales and Northern Ireland*)(1) to (3),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to commence the subsections of the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84) that amend the Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008, in so far as they extend to Northern Ireland.

BARONESS LEVITT

549 Clause 201, page 232, line 32, at end insert—

“(ba) section (*Child abduction: Northern Ireland*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Justice in Northern Ireland power to commence the specified new clause (inserted after clause 104).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

550 Clause 201, page 232, line 33, at end insert—

“(8A) Section (*Safeguarding vulnerable groups: regulated activity (Northern Ireland)*) comes into force on such day as the Department of Health in Northern Ireland may by order appoint.”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Department of Health in Northern Ireland power to commence the specified new Clause (inserted after clause 105).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

551 Clause 201, page 232, line 34, at beginning insert “Sections (*Child sexual abuse image-generators: Scotland*) and (*Possession of advice or guidance about child sexual abuse or CSA images: Scotland*) so far as extending to Scotland,”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to commence the specified new clauses (inserted after clauses 63 and 64) for Scotland.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

552 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

553 [Withdrawn]

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

554 Clause 201, page 232, line 34, after “Section” insert “(*Child criminal exploitation prevention orders: Scotland and Northern Ireland*)(1)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers to commence the subsection introducing the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders for Scotland (inserted after Schedule 5).

BARONESS LEVITT

555 Clause 201, page 232, line 34, after “Section” insert “(*Pornographic images of strangulation or suffocation: Scotland*),”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to commence the specified new clause (inserted after clause 84).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

556 Clause 201, page 232, line 34, after “145(3)” insert “, Schedule (CCE prevention orders: Scotland)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment gives the Scottish Ministers power to commence the new Schedule about CCE prevention orders (inserted after Schedule 5).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

557 Clause 201, page 232, line 35, leave out “order” and insert “regulations”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the Scottish Ministers to make commencement regulations rather than commencement orders.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

558 Clause 201, page 232, line 36, after “order” insert “or regulations”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendments to clause 201, page 232, lines 25 and 35.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

559 Clause 201, page 232, line 36, after “(8)” insert “(8A)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 201, page 232, line 33, inserting a new subsection after subsection (8).

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

560 Clause 201, page 233, line 1, leave out “an order” and insert “regulations”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendments to clause 201, page 232, lines 25 and 35.

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

561 Clause 201, page 233, line 4, after “(8)” insert “or (8A)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 201, page 232, line 33, inserting a new subsection after subsection (8).

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH
BARONESS SPIELMAN

562 Clause 201, page 233, line 6, at end insert—

“(13) Section 191 comes into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by regulations appoint, but not before the Secretary of State has laid before both Houses of Parliament a report giving their assessment of the impact of the provisions of that section on—

- (a) the safety and welfare of women, including in relation to mental health outcomes, and safeguarding for under-16s;
- (b) coerced and non-consensual abortion;
- (c) late-term abortion or self-induced abortion outside a clinical setting;
- (d) recording and monitoring of complications relating to terminations taking place outside a clinical setting;
- (e) standards of clinical oversight;
- (f) any other matter that the Secretary of State may specify.

(14) In preparing the report under subsection (13) the Secretary of State must consult—

- (a) relevant professional bodies;
- (b) integrated care boards;
- (c) such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

(15) The report under subsection (13) must be laid within six months of the day on which this Act is passed.”

LORD JACKSON OF PETERBOROUGH

563 Clause 201, page 233, line 6, at end insert—

“(13) Section 191 comes into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by regulations appoint, but not before—

- (a) a 12-week public consultation has been carried out on the potential impact and operation of that section, and
- (b) the Secretary of State has laid a report before both Houses of Parliament analysing the consultation responses and six weeks have elapsed since the laying of that report.”

LORD HANSON OF FLINT

564 Clause 201, page 233, line 13, leave out “an order” and insert “regulations”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on my amendment to clause 201, page 232, line 25.

Crime and Policing Bill

REVISED FOURTEENTH MARSHALLED
LIST OF AMENDMENTS
TO BE MOVED
IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

30 January 2026

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS