

Crime and Policing Bill

AMENDMENTS

TO BE MOVED

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

[Supplementary to the Fourth Marshalled List]

**Amendment
No.**

After Clause 41

BARONESS BROWN OF SILVERTOWN

This amendment replaces Amendment 231A and corrects its numbering

232B★ After Clause 41, insert the following new Clause –

“Definition of the criminal exploitation of children

- (1) The criminal exploitation of children is a form of child abuse in which a child under the age of 18 is used for purposes that constitute, enable or facilitate an offence under the law in England and Wales.
- (2) The victim may have been criminally exploited even if the activity appears consensual.
- (3) The criminal exploitation of children can occur online and through the use of technology.”

Schedule 8

LORD MURPHY OF TORFAEN

283B★ Schedule 8, page 271, line 15, leave out “if” and insert “where those activities do not constitute a regulated activity relating to children within the meaning of Part 1 of Schedule 4 to the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006, and where”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment removes from the scope of paragraph 17 activity which is already a regulated activity governed by the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006, thereby preventing unnecessary double regulation (for instance in settings such as schools and academies).

After Clause 109

LORD HENDY

356F★ After Clause 109, insert the following new Clause –

“Assault of a public transport worker

- (1) A person who assaults a public transport worker at work commits an offence under this section.
- (2) A “public transport worker at work” means a person who –
 - (a) is on or about public transport premises, vehicles or infrastructure for the purposes of personally undertaking work (whether for reward or not) or accessing or seeking to access such work or egress therefrom, and
 - (b) the work is for or on behalf of the owner, occupier or operator of such premises, vehicles or infrastructure.
- (3) In subsection (2) “public transport premises, vehicles or infrastructure” means –
 - (a) premises, vehicles or infrastructure used or intended to be used wholly or mainly for the purpose of the transport of members of the public or for the purpose of facilitating such use, or
 - (b) premises, vehicles or infrastructure used or intended to be used for, or for the facilitation of transport of members of the public where such use or intended use gave rise to the work.
- (4) A person who commits an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding the maximum term for summary offences or to a fine (or both).
- (5) In subsection (4) “the maximum term for summary offences” means –
 - (a) if the offence is committed before the time when section 281(5) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (alteration of penalties for certain summary offences: England and Wales) comes into force, six months;
 - (b) if the offence is committed after that time, 51 weeks.
- (6) In section 40(3) of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (power to join in an indictment a count for common assault etc) after paragraph (ac) insert –

“(ad) an offence under section (*Assault of a public transport worker*) of the Crime and Policing Act 2025 ;””.

Clause 195

LORD WALLACE OF TANKERNESS

★ *Lord Wallace of Tankerness gives notice of his intention to oppose the Question that Clause 195 stand part of the Bill.*

Member's explanatory statement

This Clause would remove the right to a retrial following a conviction in absentia where the person convicted is deemed to have been present, even if there has been no contact between the person and the court approved lawyer.

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26 November 2025
